

Contributors

Juan Manuel Herrera

Senior Economist/Strategist
Scotiabank GBM
+44.207.826.5654
juanmanuel.herrera@scotiabank.com

Guillermo Arbe, Head Economist, Peru
+51.1.211.6052 (Peru)
guillermo.arbe@scotiabank.com.pe

Sergio Olarte, Head Economist, Colombia
+57.601.745.6300 Ext. 9166 (Colombia)
sergio.olarte@scotiabankcolpatria.com

Jorge Selaive, Head Economist, Chile
+56.2.2619.5435 (Chile)
jorge.selaive@scotiabank.cl

Eduardo Suárez, VP, Latin America Economics
+52.55.9179.5174 (Mexico)
esuarezm@scotiabank.com.mx

Latam Daily: Sleepy Latam Session Ahead Amid US Debt Ceiling Headlines

Overnight markets got little help from supposedly positive debt ceiling talks between US Pres Biden and House Leader McCarthy, as global yields continued their grind higher in flattening fashion amid US default risks and increased corporate debt issuance plans. SPX futures are down 0.1/2% while the USD strengthens against nearly all majors, WTI crude oil trades flat, and iron ore and copper take another hit (2.2% and 1.6%, respectively). The overarching market mood will remain driven by debt ceiling headlines, while the release of US PMIs at 9.45ET may play a supporting role.

Another sleepy session awaits Latam markets from a local calendar perspective with no major data scheduled for release and no events of note ahead; Chile's central bank's Financial Stability Report this evening is a secondary consideration. Ahead of the INEI's release today of Peruvian Q1-GDP, with data from the BCRP showing a 0.4% y/y contraction in Q1, the central bank's head Velarde said he still expects inflation to fall to 3% by year-end—a highly optimistic forecast, in our view. Colombian markets reopen after yesterday's holidays.

We're watching political developments in Mexico as influences on the country's assets while we count down the hours to tomorrow's H1-May CPI release where economists anticipate another decline in headline and core inflation. The Citibanamex economists' survey results published yesterday showed that respondents projects the first Banxico cut, of 25bps, to come in Q4-23 or Q1-24, though the median still sees the overnight rate closing the year at the current rate of 11.25%.

In Brazil, analysts polled for the BCB's weekly survey lowered their projections for inflation at year-end (from 6.03% to 5.80%) on the back of last week's Petrobras fuel prices reduction. This, however, was not accompanied by a lower forecast for the BCB's policy rate, and bank Pres Campos Neto said yesterday that core inflation expectations remain very high, reinforcing projections that a rate cut will have to wait.

—Juan Manuel Herrera

This report has been prepared by Scotiabank Economics as a resource for the clients of Scotiabank. Opinions, estimates and projections contained herein are our own as of the date hereof and are subject to change without notice. The information and opinions contained herein have been compiled or arrived at from sources believed reliable but no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to their accuracy or completeness. Neither Scotiabank nor any of its officers, directors, partners, employees or affiliates accepts any liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this report or its contents.

These reports are provided to you for informational purposes only. This report is not, and is not constructed as, an offer to sell or solicitation of any offer to buy any financial instrument, nor shall this report be construed as an opinion as to whether you should enter into any swap or trading strategy involving a swap or any other transaction. The information contained in this report is not intended to be, and does not constitute, a recommendation of a swap or trading strategy involving a swap within the meaning of U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission Regulation 23.434 and Appendix A thereto. This material is not intended to be individually tailored to your needs or characteristics and should not be viewed as a “call to action” or suggestion that you enter into a swap or trading strategy involving a swap or any other transaction. Scotiabank may engage in transactions in a manner inconsistent with the views discussed this report and may have positions, or be in the process of acquiring or disposing of positions, referred to in this report.

Scotiabank, its affiliates and any of their respective officers, directors and employees may from time to time take positions in currencies, act as managers, co-managers or underwriters of a public offering or act as principals or agents, deal in, own or act as market makers or advisors, brokers or commercial and/or investment bankers in relation to securities or related derivatives. As a result of these actions, Scotiabank may receive remuneration. All Scotiabank products and services are subject to the terms of applicable agreements and local regulations. Officers, directors and employees of Scotiabank and its affiliates may serve as directors of corporations.

Any securities discussed in this report may not be suitable for all investors. Scotiabank recommends that investors independently evaluate any issuer and security discussed in this report, and consult with any advisors they deem necessary prior to making any investment.

This report and all information, opinions and conclusions contained in it are protected by copyright. This information may not be reproduced without the prior express written consent of Scotiabank.

™ Trademark of The Bank of Nova Scotia. Used under license, where applicable.

Scotiabank, together with “Global Banking and Markets”, is a marketing name for the global corporate and investment banking and capital markets businesses of The Bank of Nova Scotia and certain of its affiliates in the countries where they operate, including: Scotiabank Europe plc; Scotiabank (Ireland) Designated Activity Company; Scotiabank Inverlat S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V., Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, Scotia Inverlat Derivados S.A. de C.V. – all members of the Scotiabank group and authorized users of the Scotiabank mark. The Bank of Nova Scotia is incorporated in Canada with limited liability and is authorised and regulated by the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions Canada. The Bank of Nova Scotia is authorized by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the UK Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority. Details about the extent of The Bank of Nova Scotia's regulation by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority are available from us on request. Scotiabank Europe plc is authorized by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority and the UK Prudential Regulation Authority.

Scotiabank Inverlat, S.A., Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V., Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, and Scotia Inverlat Derivados, S.A. de C.V., are each authorized and regulated by the Mexican financial authorities.

Not all products and services are offered in all jurisdictions. Services described are available in jurisdictions where permitted by law.