

## LATAM Market Update

- **Mexico: November's industrial activity contracted both annually with original figures and monthly seasonally adjusted, as the mining industry decrease faster**
- **Peru: The Central Bank released official trade data to November**

### **MEXICO: NOVEMBER'S INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY CONTRACTED BOTH ANNUALLY WITH ORIGINAL FIGURES AND MONTHLY SEASONALLY ADJUSTED, AS THE MINING INDUSTRY DECREASE FASTER**

Industrial production non-seasonally adjusted figures decreased -1.3% y/y in real terms in November (vs. 1.0% y/y in October), were below market expectations (0.6% y/y) and similar to its performance in the same month of 2017. shrinkage was due to a deceleration of manufacturing activity, from 2.6% to 1.4% y/y, and from electricity, gas and water, from 4.6% to 0.8% y/y, as well as a setback in mining and construction that passed from - 5.6% to -8.0% y/y and from 1.4% to -3.3% y/y, respectively. In its s.a. monthly comparison, industrial activity also declined, albeit less sharply than in October, from -1.7% to -0.6% m/m (vs. 0.3% m/m a year earlier).

### **PERU: THE CENTRAL BANK RELEASED OFFICIAL TRADE DATA TO NOVEMBER**

November monthly highlights

- The trade balance was positive, US\$586mn a significant improvement from previous months when the surplus was low or negative.
- The improvement was not so much due to greater exports, up only 1.8%, m/m, but due to lower imports, which fell nearly 15% m/m. The main reason for the decline was lower fuel imports.

Year-to-November

- The trade surplus was US\$5.6bn, up from US\$5.3bn in the same period 2017. This is in line with our full-year forecast of US\$6.2bn.
- Exports rose 8.9%, to US\$44.3bn.
- Non-resource exports rose 14.5%, as the agroindustry continued booming, up 16.5%. Some agro-industrial products, such as blueberries, were up 40% to 50%.
- Imports rose 9.6%.

## CONTACTS

**Eduardo Suárez, VP, Latin America Economics**  
52.55.9179.5174 (Mexico)  
Scotiabank Economics  
[eduardo.suarez@scotiabank.com](mailto:eduardo.suarez@scotiabank.com)

**Guillermo Arbe**  
511.211.6052 (Peru)  
Scotiabank Peru  
[guillermo.arbe@scotiabank.com.pe](mailto:guillermo.arbe@scotiabank.com.pe)

**Mario Correa**  
52.55.5123.2683 (Mexico)  
Scotiabank Mexico  
[mcorrea@scotiabank.com.mx](mailto:mcorrea@scotiabank.com.mx)

**Benjamin Sierra**  
56.2.2619.4974 (Chile)  
Scotiabank Chile  
[benjamin.sierra@scotiabank.cl](mailto:benjamin.sierra@scotiabank.cl)

This report has been prepared by Scotiabank Economics as a resource for the clients of Scotiabank. Opinions, estimates and projections contained herein are our own as of the date hereof and are subject to change without notice. The information and opinions contained herein have been compiled or arrived at from sources believed reliable but no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to their accuracy or completeness. Neither Scotiabank nor any of its officers, directors, partners, employees or affiliates accepts any liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this report or its contents.

These reports are provided to you for informational purposes only. This report is not, and is not constructed as, an offer to sell or solicitation of any offer to buy any financial instrument, nor shall this report be construed as an opinion as to whether you should enter into any swap or trading strategy involving a swap or any other transaction. The information contained in this report is not intended to be, and does not constitute, a recommendation of a swap or trading strategy involving a swap within the meaning of U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission Regulation 23.434 and Appendix A thereto. This material is not intended to be individually tailored to your needs or characteristics and should not be viewed as a "call to action" or suggestion that you enter into a swap or trading strategy involving a swap or any other transaction. Scotiabank may engage in transactions in a manner inconsistent with the views discussed this report and may have positions, or be in the process of acquiring or disposing of positions, referred to in this report.

Scotiabank, its affiliates and any of their respective officers, directors and employees may from time to time take positions in currencies, act as managers, co-managers or underwriters of a public offering or act as principals or agents, deal in, own or act as market makers or advisors, brokers or commercial and/or investment bankers in relation to securities or related derivatives. As a result of these actions, Scotiabank may receive remuneration. All Scotiabank products and services are subject to the terms of applicable agreements and local regulations. Officers, directors and employees of Scotiabank and its affiliates may serve as directors of corporations.

Any securities discussed in this report may not be suitable for all investors. Scotiabank recommends that investors independently evaluate any issuer and security discussed in this report, and consult with any advisors they deem necessary prior to making any investment.

**This report and all information, opinions and conclusions contained in it are protected by copyright. This information may not be reproduced without the prior express written consent of Scotiabank.**

™ Trademark of The Bank of Nova Scotia. Used under license, where applicable.

Scotiabank, together with "Global Banking and Markets", is a marketing name for the global corporate and investment banking and capital markets businesses of The Bank of Nova Scotia and certain of its affiliates in the countries where they operate, including, Scotiabanc Inc.; Citadel Hill Advisors L.L.C.; The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York; Scotiabank Europe plc; Scotiabank (Ireland) Limited; Scotiabank Inverlat S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa S.A. de C.V., Scotia Inverlat Derivados S.A. de C.V. – all members of the Scotiabank group and authorized users of the Scotiabank mark. The Bank of Nova Scotia is incorporated in Canada with limited liability and is authorised and regulated by the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions Canada. The Bank of Nova Scotia is authorised by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the UK Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority. Details about the extent of The Bank of Nova Scotia's regulation by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority are available from us on request. Scotiabank Europe plc is authorised by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority and the UK Prudential Regulation Authority.

Scotiabank Inverlat, S.A., Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V., and Scotia Derivados, S.A. de C.V., are each authorized and regulated by the Mexican financial authorities.

Not all products and services are offered in all jurisdictions. Services described are available in jurisdictions where permitted by law.