Scotiabank

GLOBAL ECONOMICS

GLOBAL AUTO REPORT

July 9, 2025

Contributors

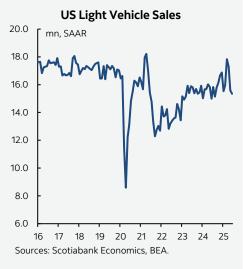
John Fanjoy

Economist Scotiabank Economics 416.866.4735 john.fanjoy@scotiabank.com

Chart 1



Chart 2



June Auto Sales: Clouds Over the Horizon as Sales Slow at the End of a Strong 2025H1

CANADA: SALES EASE FURTHER AT THE END OF A STRONG 2025H1

Canadian auto sales slowed further in June (-7.5% month-over-month) to 1.80 mn units at a seasonally adjusted annualized rate (SAAR) according to Wards

Automotive (chart 1). Canadian auto sales fell for a third consecutive month in seasonally

Automotive (chart 1). Canadian auto sales fell for a third consecutive month in seasonally adjusted terms, as the sales rate continues to pull back from the strong start to the year, which likely was driven in part from a tariff front-running-induced surge in March and April. Last month's seasonally adjusted decline in the sales rate was the largest monthly slowdown since January 2022. However, the annualized sales rate is only slightly below the 1.82 mn units sold in 2024.

For Q2 as a whole, average light vehicle sales were flat (0.1% quarter-over-quarter), supported by upward revisions to the prior two months. Automotive sales through the first six months are up 5.5% year-over-year. Nevertheless, the monthly sales rate has fallen to the lowest seasonally adjusted level since Q3-2024 as consumer spending growth slows.

Tariffs and uncertainty continue to weigh on the outlook for the Canadian economy. Canada's job gains remain soft to start the year, averaging little more than 10 k per month through the first five months, down from the 33 k per month average across 2024, with the unemployment rate rising to 7% in May. And while headline inflation has slowed to 1.7% y/y, pulled down by the removal of the consumer carbon tax, the Bank of Canada's core measures of inflation remain at 3%. The BoC is expected to hold the policy rate at 2.75% through the rest of 2025 as they weigh risks to inflation against underlying growth in the economy before easing the policy rate in 2026.

Our outlook for Canadian light vehicle sales is 1.88 mn in 2025 and 1.81 mn in 2026. The automotive sales rate is expected to remain soft through the second half of 2025 as softer labour markets and uncertainty weigh on consumer spending growth. However, this outlook faces large uncertainty around the impacts that tariffs and potential price pressures will have, particularly on the automotive sector.

UNITED STATES: SALES CONTINUE TO PULL BACK AMID HEADWINDS

US auto sales in June fell by -1.7% month-over-month in seasonally adjusted terms to 15.3 mn units at an annualized rate (chart 2). Seasonally adjusted auto sales have declined for three consecutive months following the tariff front-running surge earlier in the spring. The monthly sales rate has fallen to the lowest level since last summer. Quarterly auto sales contracted for a second consecutive quarter, declining by -2.2% q/q in Q2. Sales through the first half of the year are up 3.9% year-over-year in non-seasonally adjusted terms.

The US Federal Reserve held the policy rate at 4.5% at the FOMC meeting on June 17th-18th. The median federal funds rate in the updated projection materials remained at 50 basis points of easing by the end of 2025, the distribution of FOMC participants' forecasts showed an increase in views to hold the policy rate unchanged through the rest of this year.

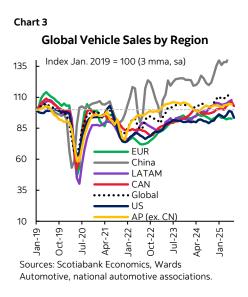
While US job growth slowed at the beginning of the year, employment gains averaged 150 k per month in Q2 and the unemployment rate fell back to 4.1% in June. A still-steady labour market is allowing monetary policy to remain on hold as core inflation is sticky at 2.8% y/y through the three months to May. The US administration has recently announced plans to impose tariffs ranging from 25% to 40% on imports from select countries beginning August $1^{\rm st}$, up from the baseline 10% tariffs on most imports, with plans for additional tariffs which risks adding to inflation. We expect the Federal Reserve to hold the policy rate at 4.5%

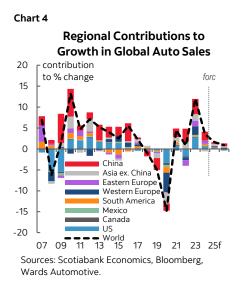
through the rest of 2025 as they closely monitor data and policy developments with gradual easing of the policy rate throughout 2026, which will likely keep borrowing costs elevated in the near term, weighing on vehicle demand.

Our outlook for US auto sales expects the quarterly sales rate to remain soft through the second half of the year, resulting in 16.0 mn sales in 2025 and 15.7 mn in 2026.

GLOBAL AUTO SALES: MIXED AT THE REGIONAL LEVEL AS GLOBAL SALES PULL BACK IN MAY

Global auto sales fell by -2.5% m/m (SA) in May, as the sales rate eased back in line with late 2024 levels, albeit varied at the regional level (chart 3). In western Europe, auto sales decreased by -3.6% m/m (SA), offsetting April's 3% increase but remaining in line with the Q1 sales rate. Likewise, auto sales in eastern Europe decreased by -5.3% m/m (SA) but remain above the recent seasonally adjusted low in March 2025. Automotive sales in Asia Pacific were flat (0.2% m/m SA), as the small increases in China (0.9%) and Japan (0.6%) were partially offset by softness in much of the rest of the region. In Latin America, vehicle sales increased by 1.5% m/m (SA), rising in four of the past five months. Our outlook for global vehicle sales growth is 1.6% in 2025 and 0.9% in 2026, with risks around tariff developments pose large uncertainty towards the global outlook (chart 4).



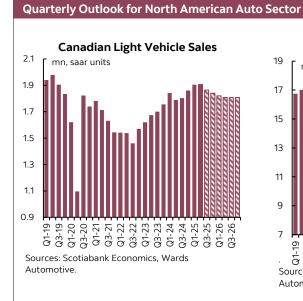


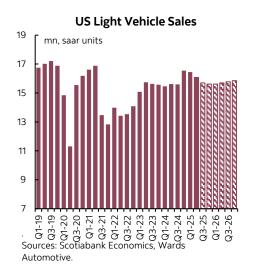
	2010-19	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025f	2026f	May-25, SA % m/m	May-25, NSA % y/y	2025 ytd, NSA % y/y
Total Sales	71.1	66.7	67.3	75.3	78.0	79.2	80.0	-2.5	6.2	6.5
North America	18.7	17.6	16.4	18.5	19.2	19.4	19.1	-8.0	2.7	5.4
Canada	1.82	1.66	1.52	1.68	1.82	1.88	1.81	-1.8	8.7	6.7
United States	15.7	14.9	13.8	15.5	15.9	16.0	15.7	-9.7	2.2	5.6
Mexico	1.22	1.01	1.09	1.36	1.49	1.52	1.54	4.2	0.0	1.7
Western Europe	13.0	10.5	10.0	11.4	11.4	11.6	11.8	-3.6	1.7	-0.1
Germany	3.2	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.0	-6.8	1.2	-2.4
United Kingdom	2.3	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	10.7	1.6	2.8
Eastern Europe	3.3	2.8	1.9	2.8	3.4	3.4	3.5	-5.3	-11.3	-8.4
Russia	2.1	1.5	0.6	1.1	1.6	1.7	1.7	-0.2	-29.2	-23.6
Asia	31.9	32.7	35.9	39.4	40.5	41.2	41.9	0.2	9.2	9.8
China	19.7	21.5	23.6	26.0	27.6	27.9	28.4	0.9	13.3	12.6
India	3.3	3.6	4.4	4.7	4.9	5.1	5.1	-1.3	3.1	3.4
Japan	5.1	4.4	4.2	4.8	4.4	4.6	4.6	0.6	3.7	11.3
South America	4.3	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.7	0.5	27.0	15.1
Brazil	2.91	1.98	1.96	2.18	2.49	2.55	2.59	1.5	17.0	6.2
Chile	0.34	0.42	0.43	0.31	0.30	0.31	0.31	-3.1	4.3	1.2
Colombia	0.26	0.24	0.25	0.18	0.20	0.20	0.20	5.1	34.2	23.1
Peru	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.16	0.16	-8.8	19.7	13.8

Table 2—Provincial Auto Sales Outlook (thousands of units ann.)											
	2010–19	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025f	2026f	Apr-25, SA % m/m	Apr-25, NSA % y/y	2025 ytd nsa % y/y	ZEV* (Apr-25) % of new LV sales
Canada	1,817	1,663	1,523	1,684	1,819	1,880	1,810				7.5
Atlantic	134	119	105	115	135	133	124	2.6	21.4	15.7	3.0
Central	1,179	1,070	1,014	1,129	1,237	1,224	1,166	4.4	10.3	0.9	8.5
Quebec	441	404	372	411	473	460	434	13.0	13.0	-3.0	14.4
Ontario	738	665	642	718	764	765	732	-0.2	8.7	3.2	4.9
West	548	487	454	508	547	548	521	0.9	11.0	10.5	6.5
Manitoba	56	49	46	49	58	57	53	-0.9	21.2	22.8	3.4
Saskatchewan	54	43	42	45	51	51	47	-0.6	15.8	19.9	1.5
Alberta	239	196	184	209	223	225	212	-1.3	11.6	12.4	2.9
British Columbia**	199	199	182	205	214	214	209	4.3	6.5	3.3	12.8

^{*}ZEV includes battery electric and plug-in hybrid electric vehicles. **British Columbia includes the territories.

Sources: Scotiabank Economics, Wards Automotive, Statistics Canada.





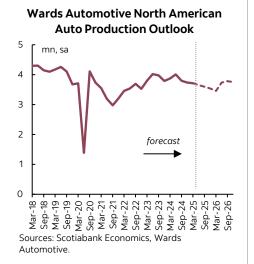


Table 3—North American Annual Production Outlook											
	2010–19	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025f	2026f				
	(millions of units, annualised)										
North American Production	15.9	12.9	14.2	15.6	15.5	14.6	14.7				
Canada	2.2	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2				
United States	10.4	8.9	9.7	10.3	10.2	9.9	9.9				
Mexico	3.2	2.9	3.3	3.8	4.0	3.5	3.7				

Sources: Scotiabank Economics, Wards Automotive.



This report has been prepared by Scotiabank Economics as a resource for the clients of Scotiabank. Opinions, estimates and projections contained herein are our own as of the date hereof and are subject to change without notice. The information and opinions contained herein have been compiled or arrived at from sources believed reliable but no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to their accuracy or completeness. Neither Scotiabank nor any of its officers, directors, partners, employees or affiliates accepts any liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this report or its contents.

These reports are provided to you for informational purposes only. This report is not, and is not constructed as, an offer to sell or solicitation of any offer to buy any financial instrument, nor shall this report be construed as an opinion as to whether you should enter into any swap or trading strategy involving a swap or any other transaction. The information contained in this report is not intended to be, and does not constitute, a recommendation of a swap or trading strategy involving a swap within the meaning of U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission Regulation 23.434 and Appendix A thereto. This material is not intended to be individually tailored to your needs or characteristics and should not be viewed as a "call to action" or suggestion that you enter into a swap or trading strategy involving a swap or any other transaction. Scotiabank may engage in transactions in a manner inconsistent with the views discussed this report and may have positions, or be in the process of acquiring or disposing of positions, referred to in this report.

Scotiabank, its affiliates and any of their respective officers, directors and employees may from time to time take positions in currencies, act as managers, co-managers or underwriters of a public offering or act as principals or agents, deal in, own or act as market makers or advisors, brokers or commercial and/or investment bankers in relation to securities or related derivatives. As a result of these actions, Scotiabank may receive remuneration. All Scotiabank products and services are subject to the terms of applicable agreements and local regulations. Officers, directors and employees of Scotiabank and its affiliates may serve as directors of corporations.

Any securities discussed in this report may not be suitable for all investors. Scotiabank recommends that investors independently evaluate any issuer and security discussed in this report, and consult with any advisors they deem necessary prior to making any investment.

This report and all information, opinions and conclusions contained in it are protected by copyright. This information may not be reproduced without the prior express written consent of Scotiabank.

™ Trademark of The Bank of Nova Scotia. Used under license, where applicable.

Scotiabank, together with "Global Banking and Markets", is a marketing name for the global corporate and investment banking and capital markets businesses of The Bank of Nova Scotia and certain of its affiliates in the countries where they operate, including; Scotiabank Europe plc; Scotiabank (Ireland) Designated Activity Company; Scotiabank Inverlat S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, Scotia Inverlat Derivados S.A. de C.V. – all members of the Scotiabank group and authorized users of the Scotiabank mark. The Bank of Nova Scotia is incorporated in Canada with limited liability and is authorised and regulated by the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions Canada. The Bank of Nova Scotia is authorized by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the UK Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority are available from us on request. Scotiabank Europe plc is authorized by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority and Regulation Authority.

Scotiabank Inverlat, S.A., Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V., Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, and Scotia Inverlat Derivados, S.A. de C.V., are each authorized and regulated by the Mexican financial authorities.

Not all products and services are offered in all jurisdictions. Services described are available in jurisdictions where permitted by law.