## Distribution Guide

Scotia® Line of Credit Protection

Creditor Group Insurance

Life, Critical Illness and Disability Insurance (Group Policy G/H xxxx) for Your Scotiabank Line of Credit

Name and address of Insurer:
The Canada Life Assurance Company
Creditor Insurance Department
330 University Avenue
Toronto, Ontario
M5G 1R8
Phone: 1-800-387-2671
Fax: 416-552-6557

Name and address of Distributor:

Responsibility of the Autorité des marchés financiers
The Autorité des marchés financiers does not express an opinion on the quality of the product offered in this guide. The insurer alone is responsible for any discrepancies between the wording of the guide and the policy.

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INTRODUCTION

The Bank of Nova Scotia ("Scotiabank") and The Canada Life Assurance Company ("Canada Life") have developed Scotia Line of Credit Protection to assist You with Your insurance needs.

Three types of insurance are available:

- Life insurance covers Your outstanding Line of Credit balance.

- Critical illness and Terminal Illness insurance covers Your outstanding Line of Credit balance if You are Diagnosed with a specified critical illness or Terminal Illness.

- Disability insurance covers Your Line of Credit payment if You become Disabled.

This Distribution Guide was prepared to help You better understand the insurance coverage options that are available to You. It will help You determine if the insurance described fits Your needs.

Underlined terms found in this Guide are specifically defined in the “Definitions” Section.

You may apply for life, critical illness and Disability insurance. The type of insurance You choose is identified on Your Scotia Line of Credit Protection application.

The insurance offered under Scotia Line of Credit Protection is provided by The Canada Life Assurance Company under group insurance policy number G/H xxx issued to Scotiabank.

Your completed Scotia Line of Credit Protection application, the letter confirming Your coverage elections under Scotia Line of Credit Protection, the Distribution Guide, the Certificate and any letter from the Insurer confirming approval together form the proof that You are Insured. Please keep all documents in a safe place.

Scotiabank and Canada Life can change the terms of the insurance described in this Scotia Line of Credit Protection Distribution Guide, including Your premium or the method used to calculate Your premium. We will tell You in writing before we make any changes. You will be
deemed to have received such notice on the fifth business day after it is mailed to Your address as it appears on file.

Scotiabank receives an administration fee from the Insurer to distribute Scotia Line of Credit Protection.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PRODUCT OFFERED

What is Scotia Line of Credit Protection?
Scotia Line of Credit Protection is an optional insurance product available to Scotiabank Line of Credit account customers that provides a financial safety net during times of financial hardship caused by certain life events.

SUMMARY OF SPECIFIC FEATURES

Who can apply for Scotia Line of Credit Protection?
To apply for Scotia Line of Credit Protection You must meet all of the following criteria on the date of Your application to enrol for insurance:

- You must be a resident of Canada;
- You must be a minimum of 18 and under 65 years of age;
- You must be a Borrower, a co-borrower or a guarantor on a Scotiabank Line of Credit account that is in Good Standing; and
- You have agreed to the terms and conditions of the Scotiabank Line of Credit account.

To apply for critical illness and Terminal Illness coverage, You must have life insurance coverage. If You are applying for Disability insurance coverage, You must also be actively working at least 20 hours per week for wages or expectation of profit and be able to perform the regular duties of Your occupation. If You are a seasonal worker You must have a proven work history and be capable of performing the regular duties of Your job.

A maximum of 2 people can be insured on one Line of Credit account.

How can You apply for Scotia Line of Credit Protection?
Applying for coverage is simple. You can complete a Scotia Line of Credit Protection application indicating the type(s) of insurance You wish to apply for at Your Scotiabank branch or call us at 1-855-753-4272 between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. (ET), Monday to Friday.

You may apply for coverage at the same time You obtain Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account or at a later date. A separate Scotia Line of Credit Protection application is required for each Line of Credit account that You want to insure.

Once Your application is approved, You will receive a confirmation of coverage and a Certificate of Insurance ("Certificate") that provides full details of Your coverage, including limitations and exclusions.

LIFE INSURANCE

What is the Life insurance benefit?
Provided that You have applied and been approved for life insurance and You meet the terms and conditions of Your Certificate when You die, the Insurer will pay Scotiabank Your Outstanding Account Balance on the date of Your death, up to Your approved insurance coverage. The maximum coverage amount is $500,000 per insured Scotiabank Line of Credit account, and $500,000 for all of Your insured Scotiabank Line of Credit accounts.

How much insurance can I buy?
The most life insurance coverage You can have is $500,000 for all Your Scotiabank Lines of Credit.

If Your Line of Credit is insured for less than the full amount of Your Line(s) of Credit, Your life insurance benefit will be a capped at the approved insurance coverage amount.

Is medical underwriting required?
You are automatically approved for coverage and You will not have to answer the health questions if Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account credit limit and the total of all Your insured Scotiabank Line of Credit account credit limit is $150,000 or less.
You are approved for life insurance coverage if You answer ‘NO’ to all the health questions and the total credit limit of all of Your insured Lines of Credit is greater than $150,000 but less than $300,000; otherwise, further review of the application and approval from the Insurer is required before coverage will begin.

If Your application is declined for health reasons and You were not previously insured, You will retain a maximum of $150,000 insurance coverage.

If further review of Your application is required, the Insurer will contact You for additional health related questions or to arrange for a free paramedical exam where You may be asked to provide blood and urine samples.

Your medical information will be kept confidential, and will not be shared with Scotiabank.

Prior Coverage Recognition

If You increase Your existing insured Line of Credit credit limit and You reapply for life insurance coverage within 30 days of the previous coverage ending, and:

- Your application is declined by the Insurer for health reasons, or
- You are over age 65, but less than 70 years of age;

Then the Insurer will recognize Your prior Scotia Line of Credit Protection life insurance coverage by granting You coverage up to Your previously insured credit limit.

Example:

Suppose You have a credit limit of $200,000 on Your insured Line of Credit. If You increase Your credit limit to $300,000 and Your insurance application is declined for health reasons, You will retain insurance coverage up to $200,000. This means that if You die and Your Line of Credit Outstanding Account Balance on the date of death is $275,000, the insurance benefit will be capped at $200,000.

If two Borrowers are insured, it is possible for each Borrower to be insured for a different amount.

When will my Life insurance benefit not be paid?

The life insurance benefit is not payable if the death resulted directly or indirectly from:

- intentionally self-inflicted injury, suicide or attempted suicide (whether You are aware or not aware of the result of Your actions, regardless of Your state of mind), within the first 24 months following the Effective Date of Your coverage;
- declared or undeclared war, unless You are on active military duty as a member of the Canadian Forces or Canadian Forces Reserve;
- any nuclear, chemical, or biological contamination due to any act of terrorism;
- the commission or attempted commission of a criminal offense or provocation of an assault;
- the intentional taking of drugs, except where prescribed by a Doctor and taken as directed; or
- the operation or control of any motorized vehicle or watercraft with blood alcohol concentration in excess of legal limits in the jurisdiction where the death occurred.

The life insurance benefit is not payable if:

- Your application for life insurance coverage was automatically approved; and
- You die within 24 months of the start date of Your coverage; and
- the main or secondary cause of Your death is a pre-existing condition.

You are considered to have a pre-existing condition if You:

- consulted a Doctor;
- had tests done;
- received treatment, including taking any kind of medication or injection

for any of the following health conditions, or for any symptoms of these health conditions whether Diagnosed or not:
cancer;
leukemia;
AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome);
ARC (AIDS related complex);
lung disease;
liver disease; or
heart disease
at any time during the 12 month period before the start date of Your coverage.

When Your Life Insurance Benefit will be limited
The following restrictions will only apply if:
• Your claim is more than $10,000; and
• the difference between Your claim amount and the average Outstanding Account Balance during the 12 months before death is more than $5,000.

Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance is calculated by adding the balance on each of Your monthly Scotiabank Line of Credit account statements for the 12-month period, then dividing the total by 12.

The Insurer will limit Your benefit if, after becoming Insured, You are Diagnosed with:
• cancer;
• leukemia;
• AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome);
• ARC (AIDS related complex);
• lung disease;
• liver disease; or
• heart disease
and
• that condition is the primary or secondary cause of death, and
• You die within 24 months of Diagnosis.

In such event, the benefit will be limited to not more than Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance up to Your approved insurance coverage during the 12 months before You were Diagnosed with the condition causing death.

If upon Diagnosis, You had life insurance for less than 12 months, Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance is the average over the period from the start date of Your coverage to the date You were Diagnosed.

The Insurer will not pay more than the outstanding balance of Your Line of Credit account on the date of death, regardless of Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance.

How much does Life insurance cost?
Your monthly life insurance premium is based on Your age at the end of each Scotiabank Line of Credit account billing period and the Average Daily Balance on Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account during the billing period.

Premiums are only calculated on the Average Daily Balance up to Your approved insurance coverage amount.

Premium Rates
The table below sets out the monthly premium rate for every $1,000 of Average Daily Balance on the billing period.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Premium Rate for Single Coverage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18 – 30</td>
<td>$0.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31 – 35</td>
<td>$0.27</td>
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<tr>
<td>36 – 40</td>
<td>$0.31</td>
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<td>41 – 45</td>
<td>$0.44</td>
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<tr>
<td>46 – 50</td>
<td>$0.59</td>
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<tr>
<td>51 – 55</td>
<td>$0.76</td>
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<tr>
<td>56 – 60</td>
<td>$0.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61 – 65</td>
<td>$1.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66 – 69</td>
<td>$2.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Provincial sales tax will be added to Your premium where applicable.
The cost of joint coverage is calculated based on the age of the oldest Insured and multiplying the rate by 1.70.

**Example:**
You are 37 years old and Your co-borrower is 33 years old. The premium rate for joint life coverage is based on the age of the oldest Borrower. The premium rate will be $0.53 (the single premium rate for a 37 year old of $0.31 x 1.70) per $1,000 of the Average Daily Balance.

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**CRITICAL ILLNESS AND TERMINAL ILLNESS INSURANCE**

**What is the Critical Illness and Terminal Illness insurance benefit?**
Provided that You have applied and been approved for critical illness insurance and You meet the terms and conditions of Your Certificate when You are Diagnosed with a critical illness or a Terminal Illness, the Insurer will pay Scotiabank Your Outstanding Account Balance on the date of Your Diagnosis, up to Your approved insurance coverage. The maximum insurance coverage is $150,000 per insured Scotiabank Line of Credit account, $300,000 for all of Your insured Scotiabank Line of Credit accounts.

**What is a Critical Illness?**
Only specific critical illnesses are covered. Covered critical illnesses are as follows:

- **Heart attack** means the death of a portion of the heart muscle (myocardial infarction) due to an inadequate blood supply to the relevant area due to a blockage of one or more coronary arteries. This Diagnosis must be based on:
  - new (after the attack) electrocardiographic (ECG) changes consistent with a Heart attack; and
  - elevation of cardiac (heart) bio-markers and/or enzymes.

Diagnosis must be made by a Doctor who is a specialist in internal medicine or a cardiologist.

- **Stroke** means a cerebrovascular incident caused by a hemorrhage, or by infarction of brain tissue due to intracranial thrombosis or embolization (a lack of circulation of blood to the brain caused by a blood clot, air bubble or other object) from an extra-cranial source. A Stroke does not include a transient ischemic attack (TIA), also referred to as a mini stroke. Lacunar infarcts alone that are not compatible with the current cerebrovascular signs and symptoms are not considered satisfactory evidence of a Stroke.

  This Diagnosis must be made by a Doctor and supported by medical evidence of measureable, objective neurological deficit. This deficit must have continued for at least 30 consecutive days and must be considered to be permanent.

- **Cancer** means a malignant tumour characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of malignant cells and invasion of tissue. This Diagnosis must be made in writing by a Doctor who is a certified oncologist.

  The following conditions or forms of Cancer are excluded from the definition of Cancer:
  - Stage A prostate Cancer;
  - Non-invasive Cancer in situ (i.e. not spreading);
  - Pre-malignant lesion, benign tumours or polyps;
  - Any tumours in the presence of any human immunodeficiency virus (HIV);
  - Any skin Cancer other than invasive malignant melanoma more than 1.0 mm in depth.

**What is a Terminal Illness?**
A Terminal Illness is an illness that is not a covered critical illness and that will likely result in death within one year of Diagnosis.
Is medical underwriting required?
You are automatically approved for coverage and You will not have to answer the health questions if the total credit limit of all Your insured Scotiabank Lines of Credit is $150,000 or less.

What insurance coverage do I have while the Insurer is reviewing my application?
No critical illness and Terminal Illness insurance coverage is provided while the Insurer is reviewing Your Scotia Line of Credit Protection application.

When will my Critical Illness insurance benefit not be paid?
The critical illness insurance benefit is not payable if the critical illness resulted directly or indirectly from:

- intentionally self-inflicted injury, suicide or attempted suicide (whether You are aware or not aware of the result of Your actions, regardless of Your state of mind), within the first 24 months following the Effective Date of Your coverage;
- declared or undeclared war unless You are on active military duty as a member of the Canadian Forces or Canadian Forces Reserve;
- any nuclear, chemical, or biological contamination due to any act of terrorism;
- the commission or attempted commission of a criminal offense or provocation of an assault;
- the intentional taking of drugs, except where prescribed by a Doctor and taken as directed; or
- the operation or control of any motorized vehicle or watercraft with blood alcohol concentration in excess of legal limits in the applicable jurisdiction.

The critical illness insurance benefit is not payable if death results within 30 days after Diagnosis of a critical illness or within 30 days after undergoing Surgery.

The critical illness insurance benefit is not payable if the evaluation of the medical problem or of symptoms of a medical problem, or any medical consultation or tests, leading to the Diagnosis of a critical illness was initiated prior to the date You completed and signed Your Scotia Line of Credit Protection application.

The Insurer will not pay a claim for Cancer if, within the 90 days after the Effective Date of Your coverage:

- The Diagnosis of Cancer was made;
- Any evaluation of a medical problem or symptoms of a medical problem leading to the Diagnosis of Cancer was initiated; or
- Any medical consultation or tests leading to the Diagnosis of Cancer was initiated.

When Your Critical Illness and Terminal Illness Insurance Benefit will be limited
The following restrictions will only apply if:

- Your claim is more than $10,000; and
- the difference between Your claim amount and the average Outstanding Account Balance during the 12 months before Diagnosis of critical illness or Terminal Illness is more than $5,000.

Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance is calculated by adding the balance on each of Your monthly Scotiabank Line of Credit account statements for the 12-month period, then dividing the total by 12.

If You are Diagnosed with a critical illness or Terminal Illness and Your Line of Credit Outstanding Account Balance increased by more than 20% during the 3 month period before the Diagnosis, the benefit will be limited to the lesser of the following 2 amounts:

- Your Line of Credit account balance up to Your approved insurance coverage amount at the date of Diagnosis; or
- Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance up to Your approved insurance coverage during the 12 months before the month in which You were Diagnosed, whichever is less.
If upon the day You are Diagnosed with a critical illness or a Terminal Illness, You had insurance coverage for less than 12 months, Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance is calculated over the period from the start date of Your coverage to the date You were Diagnosed.

The Insurer will not pay more than the outstanding balance of Your Line of Credit account on the date of Your Diagnosis, regardless of Your average monthly Line of Credit account balance.

**How much does Critical Illness insurance cost?**

Your monthly critical illness insurance premium is based on Your age at the end of each Scotiabank Line of Credit account billing period and the Average Daily Balance on Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account during the billing period.

Premiums are only calculated on the Average Daily Balance up to Your approved insurance coverage amount.

**Premium Rates**

The table below sets out the monthly premium rate for every $1,000 of Average Daily Balance on the billing period.

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Provincial sales tax will be added to Your premium where applicable.

The cost of joint coverage is calculated by determining the rate applicable for oldest Insured and multiplying the rate by 1.70.

**Example**

You are 37 years old and Your co-borrower is 33 years old. The premium rate for joint coverage is based on the age of the oldest borrower. The premium rate for life and critical illness insurance coverage will be $1.45 (the single life and critical illness insurance premium rates for a 37 year old of $0.85 multiplied by 1.70) per $1,000 of the Average Daily Balance.

If You are the only Insured on the Line of Credit and You elect to purchase both life Insurance and critical illness insurance coverage, Your premium will be calculated based on the rates for each coverage separately, with a discount factor of 15%.

**Example**

You are 37 years old and elect life and critical illness insurance coverage. The co-borrower on the Line of Credit is 34 years old and elects life insurance coverage. Your premium rate is $0.78 per $1,000 of the Average Daily Balance. The premium rate for the co-borrower on the Line of Credit is $0.21 ($0.25 x 85%).

**DISABILITY INSURANCE**

**What is the Disability insurance benefit?**

Provided that You have applied and been approved for Disability insurance and You meet the terms and conditions of the Certificate when You become Disabled and Your Disability claim is approved by the Insurer, the Insurer will pay Scotiabank monthly the lesser of:

- 3% of the Outstanding Account Balance on the date of Disability;
- 3% of the amount of insurance coverage for which You have been approved; or
- $3,000.

Plus the amount equivalent to Your Disability premium (including provincial sales tax) as calculated based on the Outstanding Account Balance on Your date of Disability, and will be paid for up to a maximum of 24 months per Line of Credit account, per insured person, per Disability. The overall maximum is 48 months of Disability benefit payments for Your lifetime.
What is a Disability?

A Disability is a medical impairment due to injury, disease, or sickness that prevents You from performing the regular duties of Your own occupation in which You participated just before the Disability started.

To qualify for Disability benefits and to continue to receive these benefits, You must:

- be under the active care of a Doctor;
- not be engaged in any activity for wages or expectation of profit; and
- provide proof of Your Disability claim satisfactory to the Insurer.

The Insurer may request, at its own expense, a medical examination by a Doctor appointed by them.

When do Disability benefits begin and end?

Once the Insurer has approved Your claim, the Insurer will start paying benefits on the first day Your Line of Credit payment is due after Your Qualifying Period of 60 days. Qualifying Period means the period of continuous Disability beginning on the date You become Disabled and ending on the date You qualify for benefits. No Disability benefits are payable for the Qualifying Period.

The claim payment will be pro-rated if a Disability benefit is payable for a portion of a Line of Credit account payment billing cycle. You are responsible for making Your regular Line of Credit account payments during the Qualifying Period and until the Insurer approves Your claim.

Payments will continue until the earliest of the following events:

- Your Disability ends or You return to work;
- You participate in any business or occupation for wages or profit;
- You have received 24 months of Disability benefit payments per Insured person, per Line of Credit account, per Disability;
- You have received an overall maximum of 48 months of Disability benefit payments for Your lifetime;
- Your Line of Credit account is closed;
- Your Disability results from drug or alcohol abuse unless:
  - You are enrolled in a rehabilitation program,
  - You are hospitalized and receiving continuous treatment, or
  - You are suffering from an organic disease that, if the use of the drug or alcohol stopped, would cause Disability;
- The Insurer is notified that You are approved for a claim for critical illness on Your Line of Credit; or
- Your death.

If You are receiving Disability benefits on multiple Line of Credit accounts in any given month, each month You are Disabled represents one month of benefit for the purposes of the 24-month maximum per Line of Credit account per Disability and 48-month overall maximum benefit.

What if my Disability recurs?

If the same Disability recurs within 21 consecutive days of Your recovery or Your return to work and lasts a minimum of 7 consecutive days, Your Disability will be treated as a continuation of the same claim but no benefits will be payable for the period You worked. Your Disability benefit payments will begin again after You have provided proof to the Insurer of the recurrence of Your Disability.

Example:

Suppose Your Disability claim has been approved. You receive a Disability benefit between May 1st and July 1st. On July 2nd, You recover and return to work. Beginning July 15, You suffer the same Disability through August 15th, and You recover or return to work August 16th. The Insurer will treat Your Disability dated July 15th through August 15th as a continuation of Your Disability dated May 1st through July 1st if Your claim is approved. No benefit will be payable for the period July 2nd through July 14th.
What happens when both Insureds become Disabled at the same time?

Only one Disability claim will be paid at a time, on any one Line of Credit account regardless of the number of people insured on the Line of Credit account.

Is medical underwriting required?

You are automatically approved for coverage and You will not have to answer the health questions if Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account insured for Disability insurance is $50,000 or less. Any coverage for subsequently approved increases of the credit limit up to $50,000 is also automatically approved for Disability insurance.

You will be required to answer the applicable health questions if Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account insured for Disability insurance is greater than $50,000. If You are approved for coverage over $50,000, any coverage for subsequently approved increases of the Scotiabank Line of Credit account limit up to $100,000 is also automatically approved for Disability insurance.

If Your application is declined for health reasons, You will retain a maximum of $50,000 insurance coverage.

If further review of the application is required, the Insurer will contact You for additional health related questions or to arrange for a free paramedical exam where You may be asked to provide a blood and urine sample.

Your medical information will be kept confidential, and will not be shared with Scotiabank.

When will my Disability benefit not be paid?

The Disability insurance benefit is not payable if the Disability resulted directly or indirectly from:

- normal pregnancy;
- intentionally self-inflicted injury;
- events directly or indirectly relating to, arising from or following Your participation or attempted participation in a criminal offence, or Your impairment by illegal drugs or alcohol while Your blood alcohol concentration is higher than the legal limit, regardless of whether Your Disability arises or results from Your impairment;
- war or civil disorder, whether declared or undeclared, unless You are on active military duty as a member of the Canadian Forces or Canadian Forces Reserve;
- elective cosmetic Surgery or experimental Surgery or treatment; or
drug or alcohol abuse unless:
  - You are enrolled in a rehabilitation program; or
  - You are hospitalized and receiving continuous treatment; or
  - You are suffering from an organic disease that, if the use of the drug or alcohol stopped, would cause Disability.

If Your application for Disability insurance was automatically approved, the Disability insurance benefit is not payable if You become Disabled within 12 months of the start date of Your insurance coverage and Your Disability results from a pre-existing condition.

The Insurer will consider You to have a pre-existing condition if You:

- consulted a Doctor; or
- had tests done; or
- received treatment, including taking any kind of medication or injection for any health conditions, or for any symptoms of a health condition whether Diagnosed or not during the 12 months before the Effective Date of Your coverage.

When Your Disability Benefit will be limited

The following restrictions will only apply if:

- the Outstanding Account Balance on Your date of Disability is more than $10,000; and
• the difference between the Outstanding Account Balance on Your date of Disability and the average Outstanding Account Balance during the 12 months before disability is more than $5,000.

Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance is calculated by adding the balance on each of Your monthly Scotiabank Line of Credit account statements for the 12-month period, then dividing the total by 12.

Your monthly benefit will be limited to 3% of the lesser of:

• The average monthly Outstanding Account Balance for the 12 months prior to the date of Disability; or

• The Outstanding Account Balance on the date of Disability; or

• Your approved Scotia Line of Credit Disability Protection insurance coverage amount; or

• $100,000.

The Insurer will not pay more than 3% of the insured Outstanding Account Balance on the date of Disability, regardless of Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance.

Moving Insurance Coverage from one Line of Credit to another

If You are transferring Your insured credit limit from one Scotiabank Line of Credit account to a new Scotiabank Line of Credit account, Your Disability insurance coverage remains in effect on the new Scotiabank Line of Credit account, provided Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account credit limit stays the same.

How much does Disability insurance cost?

Your monthly Disability insurance premium is based on:

• Your age at the end of each Line of Credit account billing period; and

• The Average Daily Balance on Your Line of Credit during the billing period.

Your average daily Line of Credit balance during the billing period is multiplied by 3% to determine the monthly insurable benefit. The monthly insurable benefit is then divided by 100 and multiplied by the applicable premium rate (please refer to the premium rates table below).

Your premium is added to Your Line of Credit balance and will be included on Your monthly Line of Credit statement.

You must continue to pay Your premium during the period You are receiving Disability benefits. The Insurer will add the premium amount as of the approved date of Disability to each Disability benefit during the period You are receiving Disability benefits. Any changes in the amount of premium occurring after the approved date of Disability will not be included in the premium amount the Insurer adds to each Disability benefit.

Premium Rates

The table below sets out the monthly premium rate for every $100 of monthly insurable benefit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Premium Rate for Each Insured</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18 – 29</td>
<td>$1.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 – 35</td>
<td>$1.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36 – 40</td>
<td>$2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41 – 45</td>
<td>$3.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46 – 50</td>
<td>$3.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51 – 55</td>
<td>$4.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56 – 60</td>
<td>$5.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61 – 64</td>
<td>$6.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 – 69</td>
<td>$7.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Provincial sales tax will be added to Your premium where applicable.

Example:

Suppose You are 34 years old and Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account daily balance is $10,000. The monthly Disability benefit is calculated as $300 (3% x $10,000). Your monthly Disability premium would be $5.85 ($1.95 x $300 ÷ 100), plus any applicable provincial sales taxes.
Effective Date of Coverage

Your insurance coverage begins on latest of the following dates:

- the date Scotiabank receives Your signed and dated Scotia Line of Credit Protection application;
- the date specified in the Insurer’s approval letter, when approval is required; or
- the date You sign Your Scotiabank Line of Credit agreement.

The Effective Date of Your coverage will be indicated on the Schedule of Coverage. You will receive a confirmation of Your coverage and Your Certificate in the mail within 30 days after Your Scotia Line of Credit Protection application has been received and approved. All periods of coverage begin and end at 12:01 a.m. in the time zone that corresponds to Your last address on file. A debit of insurance premium from Your account, or the collection of insurance premium in error, does not make insurance effective if You are otherwise not eligible or insurable for coverage.

If Scotiabank or the Insurer makes any clerical errors in maintaining any records concerning the Group Policy, including collection of insurance premium in error, such errors will not alter or invalidate Your coverage or continue coverage that would otherwise be not eligible or insurable for coverage.

If Scotiabank or the Insurer makes any clerical errors in maintaining any records concerning the Group Policy, including collection of insurance premium in error, such errors will not alter or invalidate Your coverage or continue coverage that would otherwise be not eligible or insurable for coverage or terminated for valid reasons.

Termination of Coverage

Your coverage under Scotia Line of Credit Protection automatically terminates on the earliest of the following dates:

- Date of Your death;
- Date when Your life, critical illness or Terminal Illness claim is approved for life, critical illness and Terminal Illness insurance coverage;
- Date You have reached the overall maximum benefit of 48 months of Disability benefits for Your lifetime, for Disability insurance coverage;
- Your 70th birthday for life and Disability insurance coverage;
- Your 65th birthday for critical illness insurance coverage;
- Date of receipt of Your request to cancel Your coverage;
- Date when Your Line of Credit payment or premium payment is 120 days in arrears; or
- Date You no longer have a Line of Credit account that is in Good Standing with Scotiabank;
- Date the Scotiabank Line of Credit account is closed;
- Date the Group Policy terminates.

Note: If two Borrowers are Insured and the older Borrower reaches the maximum age for insurance coverage, the insurance will automatically change to individual insurance coverage for the other Borrower.

If a Scotia Line of Credit Protection life insurance, critical illness or Terminal Illness claim is paid for one Borrower, the other Borrower must re-apply if they wish to continue Scotia Line of Credit Protection coverage.

PROOF OF LOSS OR CLAIM

Notice of Claim and Claim Forms

In the event of a claim, You or Your representative can request a claim form by calling 1-855-753-4272.

Any written notice must include the Group Policy number: G/H xxxx.

You or Your representative will receive the claim forms and an attending physician statement with instructions for filing the claim.

You or Your representative must complete the claim form and mail it to the Insurer with any supporting documents specified on the claim form.

You or Your representative is responsible for any costs of having the claim form completed.
Proof of Claim

To make a claim for life insurance, You or Your representative must complete the claim form and submit it to the Insurer within the year following the date of death. After this one year period, a life insurance claim will only be considered if Your representative can provide a written reasonable cause for delay.

To make a claim for critical illness or Terminal Illness, You or Your representative must notify the Insurer of the claim within 90 days of the date You are Diagnosed with a covered critical illness or Terminal Illness. If the Insurer is not notified within that time, the Insurer will only consider a critical illness or Terminal Illness claim if You or Your representative can provide a written reasonable cause for delay. Once Your notice of claim is received, You or Your representative will be sent a claim form. The Doctor who made the Diagnosis or performed the Surgery must complete this claim form.

To make a Disability claim, You or Your representative must complete the claim form within 150 days of the date of Disability and mail it to the Insurer. The medical information must be completed by the Doctor who is actively caring for You. If the Insurer does not receive notice of a Disability claim within the specified time, they will only process the Disability claim if You can provide a written reasonable cause for delay.

Rights of Examination

The Insurer may ask You to have a medical examination by a Doctor of the Insurer’s choice. The Insurer will pay for this examination, but will not pay any benefits if You refuse to have the examination. In the event of a death claim, the Insurer has the right, where allowed by law, to ask for an autopsy.

Insurer’s Response

The Insurer can deny a claim or reduce the benefit for life and/or critical illness/Terminal Illness coverage because of an exclusion or restriction described in this Scotia Line of Credit Protection Distribution Guide. Their notice to You or Your representative will explain the reason why they denied the claim or reduced the benefit.

The Insurer will notify You or Your representatives in writing of their decision to approve or deny Your claim within 30 days after they receive the information needed to make a decision.

All benefits for approved life, critical illness, and Terminal Illness claims are paid directly to Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account. For Disability, benefit payments are made to Scotiabank.

Payments until Decision is Made

You are responsible for continuing to make Your regular Line of Credit account payments until a decision is made by the Insurer on any claim submitted.

How to appeal the Insurer’s decision

You or Your representative may appeal the Insurer’s decision if Your initial claim is declined. The appeal must be in writing and sent to the Insurer within six months following the date shown on the original decline letter. You or Your representative written request must include:

- The reason or reasons why the decision is being appealed; and
- Any additional information or documentation that was not previously submitted with the claim.

You or Your representative may also consult the L’Autorité des marchés financiers or Your own legal advisor.

HOW TO CANCEL COVERAGE

You may cancel Your coverage at any time by calling:

1-855-753-4272
8:00 a.m to 8:00 p.m (ET)
Monday to Friday

or by sending a written notice by mail to:

Insurance Canada Processing Centre
P.O. Box 1045
Stratford, Ontario
N5A 6W4

You may also use the “Notice of Rescission of an Insurance Contract” included in this Distribution Guide.

Your coverage will end on the date Your cancellation request is received.
Your coverage will end on the later of the following dates:

- The date stated in Your cancellation request;
- The date Your cancellation request is received.

If Your notice of cancellation is received within 30 days of the Effective Date of Your coverage, this insurance will be considered never to have been in force and all premiums paid will be refunded.

OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Premium Rate Changes
Scotia Line of Credit Protection premium rates are subject to change from time to time. Written notice will be sent by regular mail to Your address as it appears on file, at least 60 days before the premium rate is changed. Except where the Group Policy is amended to change the benefits or Eligibility criteria, or a change in legislation or regulation directly affects the insurance coverage provided under the Group Policy, the premium rate will not be changed more than once in any twelve (12) month period.

Payment of Benefits
Any life insurance, critical illness and Terminal Illness benefits for approved claims payable under the Group Policy will be paid to Scotiabank to reduce or pay off Your insured Line of Credit Outstanding Account Balance.

Any Disability benefit for approved claims payable under the Group Policy will be paid to Scotiabank by depositing benefit payments to Your Line of Credit account on the same frequency that Your Line of Credit payment is made.

Misstatement of Age
If You misstated Your age and Your correct age would have rendered You ineligible for Scotia Line of Credit Protection, the Insurer’s liability is limited to a refund of premiums paid and Your insurance will be void as if it never existed.

If Your age has been misstated and You would have been eligible for insurance based on Your correct age, Your correct age will be used to determine whether to pay any benefit.

COVERAGE EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

CAUTION
Any concealment, misrepresentation or false declaration on either the Scotia Line of Credit Protection application or in any medical evidence submitted in connection with the application or on Your claim form will make the coverage null and void.

If Scotiabank or the Insurer makes any clerical errors in maintaining any records concerning the Group Policy, including collection of insurance premium in error, such errors will not alter or invalidate Your coverage or continue coverage that would otherwise be not eligible or insurable for coverage or terminated for valid reasons.

COVERAGE EXCLUSIONS

General:
No benefits will be paid if death, a critical illness or Terminal Illness is caused directly or indirectly by any of the following:

- intentionally self-inflicted injury, suicide or attempted suicide (whether You are aware or not aware of the result of Your actions, regardless of Your state of mind), within the first 24 months following the Effective Date of Your coverage;
- declared or undeclared war unless You are on active military duty as a member of the Canadian Forces or Canadian Forces reserve;
- any nuclear, chemical, or biological contamination due to any act of terrorism;
- the commission or attempted commission of a criminal offense or provocation of an assault;
- the intentional taking of drugs, except where prescribed by a Doctor and taken as directed; or
- the operation or control of any motorized vehicle or watercraft with blood alcohol concentration in excess of legal limits in
the jurisdiction where the death or critical illness occurred.

Life:
The life insurance benefit is not payable if:

- Your application for life insurance coverage was automatically approved; and
- You die within 24 months of the start date of Your coverage; and
- the main or secondary cause of Your death is a pre-existing condition.

You are considered to have a pre-existing condition if You:

- consulted a Doctor;
- had tests done;
- received treatment, including taking any kind of medication or injection for any of the following health conditions, or for any symptoms of these health conditions whether Diagnosed or not:
  - cancer;
  - leukemia;
  - AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome);
  - ARC (AIDS related complex);
  - lung disease;
  - liver disease; or
  - heart disease at any time during the 12 months before the start date of Your coverage.

Critical Illness:
The Insurer will not pay a claim if You die within 30 days after the date You are Diagnosed with a critical illness or have Surgery.

The Insurer will not pay a critical illness or Terminal Illness benefit if the evaluation of the medical problem or of symptoms of a medical problem, or any medical consultation or tests, leading to the Diagnosis of a critical illness or Terminal Illness was initiated prior to the date You completed and signed Your Scotia Line of Credit Protection application.

Critical illness specific exclusions:

a) Stroke: the Insurer will not cover a transient ischemic attack (TIA), also referred to as a mini stroke;

b) Cancer: the Insurer will not cover the following conditions or forms of Cancer:

- Stage A prostate Cancer;
- Non-invasive Cancer in situ;
- Pre-malignant lesion, benign tumours or polyps;
- Any tumours in the presence of any human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); and
- Any skin Cancer other than invasive malignant melanoma more than 1.0 mm in depth.

The Insurer will not pay a claim for Cancer if, within the 90 days after the Effective Date of Your coverage:

- The Diagnosis of Cancer was made;
- Any evaluation of a medical problem or symptoms of a medical problem leading to the Diagnosis of Cancer was initiated; or
- Any medical consultation or tests leading to the Diagnosis of Cancer was initiated.

Disability:
The Insurer will not pay a Disability insurance claim if You become Disabled as a result of:

- Normal pregnancy;
- Intentionally self inflicted injuries;
- Events directly or indirectly relating to, arising from or following Your participation or attempted participation in a criminal offence, or Your impairment by illegal drugs or alcohol while Your blood alcohol concentration is higher
than the legal limit, regardless of whether Your Disability arises or results from Your impairment;

• War or civil disorder, whether declared or undeclared, unless You are on active military duty as a member of the Canadian Forces or Canadian Forces Reserve;

• Elective cosmetic Surgery or experimental Surgery or treatment;

• Drug or alcohol abuse unless:
  o You are enrolled in a rehabilitation program,
  o You are hospitalized and receiving continuous treatment, or
  o You are suffering from an organic disease that, if the use of the drug or alcohol stopped, would cause Disability.

The Insurer will also not pay a claim if:

• The Outstanding Account Balance on the date You become Disabled is $0.00;

• You are not under the active care of a Doctor;

• You were not eligible for insurance coverage when You applied;

• You refuse to submit to a medical exam by a Doctor selected by the Insurer;

• You fail to provide proof of continuing Disability satisfactory to the Insurer;

• Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account limit is $50,000 or less and You were automatically approved for insurance coverage, You become Disabled within 12 months of the start date of Your insurance coverage and Your Disability results from a pre-existing condition;

• You are confined in a prison or similar institutions; or

• You die.

LIMITATIONS

Life, critical illness and Terminal Illness:

1. If Your life, critical illness or Terminal Illness insurance is for less than the full amount of Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account or Scotiabank Line of Credit accounts, the Insurer will pay off a portion of Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account. The benefit payment is capped at the approved insurance coverage amount.

2. The Insurer will limit Your life insurance benefit if You are declined for insurance on a new Scotiabank Line of Credit account due to health or age reasons, but were approved for Prior Coverage Recognition. The Insurer will pay an amount up to Your previous approved insurance coverage amount.

3. The following restrictions will only apply if:
  • Your claim is more than $10,000; and
  • the difference between Your claim amount and the average Outstanding Account Balance during the 12 months before death or Diagnosis of critical illness or Terminal Illness is more than $5,000.

Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance is calculated by adding the balance on each of Your monthly Scotiabank Line of Credit account statements for the 12-month period, then dividing the total by 12.

If You die or are Diagnosed with a critical illness or Terminal Illness and Your Line of Credit Outstanding Account Balance increased by more than 20% during the 3 month period before the Diagnosis, the benefit will be limited to the lesser of the following 2 amounts:

• Your Line of Credit account balance up to Your approved insurance coverage amount at the date of death or Diagnosis; or

• Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance up to Your approved insurance coverage during the 12 months
before the month in which You die or were Diagnosed, whichever is less.

If upon the day You die or are Diagnosed with a critical illness or a Terminal Illness, You had insurance coverage for less than 12 months, Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance is calculated over the period from the start date of Your coverage to the date You were Diagnosed.

The Insurer will not pay more than the outstanding balance of Your Line of Credit account on the date of Your death or Diagnosis, regardless of Your average monthly Line of Credit account balance.

Disability:

4. The maximum monthly Disability insurance benefit for You on any one of Your insured Scotiabank Line of Credit accounts is $3,000 per month, plus Your Disability premium (including provincial sales tax payable) as calculated based on the Outstanding Account Balance at the date of Disability.

5. If You have been approved for a maximum of $50,000 Disability insurance coverage, the maximum Disability insurance coverage is $1,500 per month, plus Your Disability premium (including provincial sales tax) as calculated based on the Outstanding Account Balance at the date of Your Disability.

6. The Disability insurance benefit will be paid for up to a maximum of 24 months per insured person, per Scotiabank Line of Credit account, per Disability.

7. The overall maximum is 48 months of Disability benefit payments for Your lifetime.

8. If You are receiving Disability benefits on multiple Scotiabank Line of Credit accounts in any given month, each month You are Disabled represents one month of benefit for the purposes of the 24-month maximum per Scotiabank Line of Credit account, per Disability and 48-month overall maximum benefit.

9. The following restrictions will only apply if:

- the Outstanding Account Balance on your date of Disability is more than $10,000; and
- the difference between the Outstanding Account Balance on Your date of Disability and the average Outstanding Account Balance during the 12 months before death is more than $5,000.

Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance is calculated by adding the balance on each of Your monthly Scotiabank Line of Credit account statements for the 12-month period, then dividing the total by 12.

The monthly Disability benefit will be limited to 3% of the lesser of:

- The average monthly Outstanding Account Balance for the 12 months prior to the date of Disability; or
- The Outstanding Account Balance on the date of Disability; or
- Your approved Scotia Line of Credit Disability Protection insurance coverage amount; or
- $100,000.

Note: The Insurer will not pay more than 3% of the insured Outstanding Account Balance on the date of Disability, regardless of Your average monthly Outstanding Account Balance.
How to contact the Insurer
If You have any questions about Scotia Line of Credit Protection or for general information, please call 1-855-753-4272 between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. (ET), Monday to Friday.

Or You can write to:
The Canada Life Assurance Company
Creditor Insurance Department
330 University Avenue
Toronto, Ontario
M5G 1R8

Privacy and Confidentiality
The Insurer recognizes and respects the importance of privacy. When You apply for coverage, a confidential file that contains Your personal information is established. This file is kept in the offices of the Insurer or the offices of an organization authorized by the Insurer.

You may exercise certain rights of access and rectification with respect to the personal information in Your file by sending a request in writing to the Insurer. The Insurer may use service providers located within or outside Canada.

The Insurer limits access to personal information in Your file to the Insurer's staff or persons authorized by the Insurer who require this information to perform their duties, to persons to whom You have granted access, and to persons authorized by law. In some instances, these persons may be located outside Canada and Your personal information may be subject to the laws of a foreign jurisdiction.

Personal information that the Insurer collects will be used for the purposes of determining Your eligibility for coverage and administering the group benefits plan. This includes investigating and assessing claims, and creating and maintaining records concerning the relationship.

For a copy of the Insurer’s Privacy Guidelines, or if You have questions about its personal information policies and practices (including with respect to service providers): please contact
Canada Life:
Website: www.canadalife.com
E-mail: Chief_Compliance_Officer@canadalife.com
Mail: Chief Compliance Officer
The Canada Life Assurance Company
330 University Avenue, Toronto, ON M5G 1R8

If the Insurer receives a request for access or correction the Insurer will reply to You within 30 days. The Insurer may require a reasonable charge, in advance, for reproduction and transmission of any information the Insurer provides.

Similar Products
This insurance has been designed specifically to cover Your Line of Credit debt. It is not intended to replace any other personal insurance that You may already own. Other similar insurance products are available, with other companies but may have different benefits, restrictions and exclusions. Please review the details carefully.
DEFINITIONS

Average Daily Balance means a calculation used to determine the amount of debt on Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account. The balance of Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account each day is used to calculate the premium during the billing period.

Borrower means the principal Borrower, co-borrower, or guarantor on a Scotiabank Line of Credit account.

Diagnosis or Diagnose(d) means written Diagnosis confirmed by a Doctor of Your critical illness. The date of Your Diagnosis will be the date the Diagnosis is made by Your Doctor, as supported by Your medical records. The evaluation of a medical problem or of symptoms of a medical problem, or any medical consultation or test, leading to this Diagnosis must begin after the date You complete and sign Your Scotia Line of Credit Protection application for us to consider paying a benefit.

Disability or Disabled means You have a medical impairment due to injury, disease, or sickness that prevents You from performing the regular duties of Your own occupation in which You participated just before the Disability started.

Doctor means a physician or a surgeon, legally licensed and practicing medicine in Canada. The Doctor must be someone other than Yourself or business associate or a member of Your immediate family. Immediate family includes any of Your spouse, parent or stepparent, child or stepchild, brother or sister, stepbrother or stepsister, brother-in-law or sister-in-law, father-in-law or mother-in-law, and son-in-law or daughter-in-law.

Effective Date means the date Your insurance coverage begins, specified in the Schedule of Coverage as the Effective Date.

Good Standing Your Scotiabank Line of Credit account is considered to be in Good Standing as long as the payments are not past due the account is not charged-off or closed.

Group Policy means Group Policy number G/H xxxx for coverage provided by The Canada Life Assurance Company issued to the Bank of Nova Scotia.

Insured means a Scotiabank Group customer noted as the Borrower whose application for insurance has been accepted and who is named as the “Insured” on the Schedule of Coverage.

Insurer means The Canada Life Assurance Company.

Line(s) of Credit means a personal Scotiabank Line of Credit account included in the Scotiabank Line of Credit suite of products.

Outstanding Account Balance means the unpaid balance of your Scotiabank Line of Credit account on the date of your death, Diagnosis of a critical illness, Terminal Illness, or Disability, as applicable.

Qualifying Period means the 60-day period of continuous Disability beginning on the date You became Disabled and ending on the date You qualify for Disability benefits. No Disability benefits are payable for the Qualifying Period.

Schedule of Coverage means the schedule included with the Certificate which indicates the name of the Insured, the type of coverage and the Effective Date of coverage.

Scotiabank means The Bank of Nova Scotia.

Surgery means You undergo Surgery performed by a Doctor in Canada, or in another country that the Insurer approves. The evaluation of the medical problem or symptom of the medical problem leading to the Surgery must begin after the date You complete and sign Your Scotia Line of Credit Protection application in order that a benefit be paid. In addition, the Surgery must be performed while Your coverage is in effect.

Terminal Illness means an illness Diagnosed by a Doctor that will likely result in death within one year of Diagnosis, and which is not covered under Your critical illness insurance.

You or Your means the Insured, as named in the Schedule of Coverage.
Referral to the Autorité des marchés financiers

You can also obtain additional information on the obligations of Canada Life or Scotiabank, by contacting the Autorité des marchés financiers at the following address:

Autorité des marchés financiers
Place de la Cité, Tour Cominar
2640, boul. Laurier, 4th Floor
Québec, QC
G1V 5C1

Toll-free number: 1-877-525-0337
Québec City: (418) 525-0337
Montreal: (514) 395-0337
Fax: (418) 525-9512
Website: www.lautorite.qc.ca

NOTICE OF RESCISSION OF AN INSURANCE CONTRACT

NOTICE GIVEN BY A DISTRIBUTOR

Section 440 of the Act respecting the distribution of financial products and services of the Act respecting the distribution of financial products and services gives you important rights.

• The Act allows you to rescind an insurance contract you have just signed when signing another contract, without penalty, within 10 days of its signature. However the insurer allows you to rescind an insurance coverage, without penalty, within 30 days of your coverage effective date. To do so, you must give the insurer notice by registered mail within that delay. You may use the attached model for this purpose.

• Despite the rescission of the insurance contract, the first contract entered into will remain in force. Caution, it is possible that you may lose advantageous conditions as a result of this insurance contract; contact your distributor or consult your contract.

• After the expiry of the 30-day delay, you may rescind the insurance at any time, however, penalties may apply.

For further information, contact the Autorité des marchés financiers at (418) 525-0337 (Quebec City Region), (514) 395-0337 (Montreal Region) or 1 877 525-0337 (everywhere else in the province of Quebec).
NOTICE OF RESCISSION OF AN INSURANCE CONTRACT

To: Insurance Canada Processing Centre  
P.O. Box 1045  
Stratford, Ontario  
N5A 6W4

Date: ________________________________  
(Date of sending of notice)

Pursuant to Section 441 of the Act respecting the distribution of financial products and services, I hereby rescind insurance contract No. ________________________________  
(Insurance Certificate number)

(Insurance Policy No: ..............)

Signed on: ________________________________  
(Date of signature of contract)

(Place of signature of contract)

(Client’s name)

(Client’s signature)

Sections 439 to 443 of the Act respecting the Distribution of Financial Products and Services.

439. A distributor may not subordinate the making of a contract to the making of an insurance contract with the Insurer specified by the distributor.

The distributor may not exercise undue pressure on the client or use fraudulent tactics to induce the client to purchase a financial product or service.

440. A distributor that, at the time a contract is made, causes the client to make an insurance contract must give the client a notice, drafted in the manner prescribed by regulation of the Authority, stating that the client may rescind the insurance contract within 10 days of signing it.

441. A client may rescind an insurance contract made at the same time as another contract, within 10 days of signing it, by sending notice by registered or certified mail. Where such an insurance contract is rescinded, the first contract retains all its effects.

442. No contract may contain provisions allowing its amendment in the event of rescission or termination by the client of an insurance contract made at the same time.

However, a contract may provide that the rescission or termination of the insurance contract will entail, for the remainder of the term, the loss of the favourable conditions extended because more than one contract was made at the same time.

443. A distributor that offers financing for the purchase of goods or services and that requires the debtor to subscribe for insurance to guarantee the reimbursement of the loan must give the debtor a notice, drawn up in the manner prescribed by regulation of the Authority, stating that the debtor may subscribe for insurance with the Insurer and representative of the debtor’s choice provided that the insurance is considered satisfactory by the creditor, who may not refuse it without reasonable grounds.
The distributor may not subordinate the making of the contract of credit to the making of an insurance contract with the Insurer specified by the distributor.

No contract of credit may stipulate that it is made subject to the condition that the insurance contract subscribed with such an Insurer remain in force until the expiry of the term, or subject to the condition that the expiry of such an insurance contract will entail forfeiture of term or the reduction of the debtor’s rights.

The rights of the debtor under the contract of credit shall not be forfeited when the debtor rescinds, terminates or withdraws from the insurance contract, provided that the debtor has subscribed for insurance with another Insurer that is considered satisfactory by the creditor, who may not refuse it without reasonable grounds.
To simplify your insurance, visit scotiabank.com

For questions about your Scotia Line of Credit Protection, contact us at your nearest Scotiabank branch.