

Grievance Redressal Policy

1. Introduction

In the present scenario of competitive banking, excellence in customer service is the most important tool for sustained business growth. Customer complaints are part of the business life of any corporate entity. This is more so for banks because banks are service organizations. As a service organization, customer service and customer satisfaction should be the prime concern of any bank. The bank believes that providing prompt and efficient service is essential not only to attract new customers, but also to retain existing ones. This policy document aims at minimizing instances of customer complaints and grievances through proper service delivery and review mechanism and to ensure prompt redressal of customer complaints and grievances. The review mechanism should help in identifying shortcomings in product features and service delivery. Customer dissatisfaction would spoil bank's name and image. The bank's policy on grievance redressal follows the under noted principles.

- ❖ Customers be treated fairly at all times
- ❖ Complaints raised by customers are dealt with courtesy and on time
- ❖ Customers are fully informed of avenues to escalate their complaints/grievances within the organization and their rights to alternative remedy, if they are not fully satisfied with the response of the bank to their complaints.
- ❖ Bank will treat all complaints efficiently and fairly as they can damage the bank's reputation and business if handled otherwise.
- ❖ The bank employees must work in good faith and without prejudice to the interests of the customer.

In order to make bank's redressal mechanism more meaningful and effective, a structured system needs to be built up towards such end. Such system would ensure that the redressal sought is just and fair and is within the given frame-work of rules and regulation. The policy document would be made available at all branches. The concerned employees should be made aware about the Complaint handling process.

- 1.1 The customer complaint arises due to;
- a. The attitudinal aspects in dealing with customers
 - b. Inadequacy of the functions/arrangements made available to the customers or gaps in standards of services expected and actual services rendered.

The customer is having full right to register his complaint if he is not satisfied with the services provided by the bank. He can give his complaint in writing, orally or over telephone. If customer's complaint is not resolved within given time or if he is not satisfied with the solution provided by the bank, he can approach Banking Ombudsman with his complaint or other legal avenues available for grievance redressal.

2. Internal Machinery to handle Customer complaints/ grievances

2.1 Customer Service Committee of the Board

This sub-committee of the Board would be responsible for formulation of a Comprehensive Deposit Policy incorporating the issues such as the treatment of death of a depositor for operations of his account, the product approval process and the annual survey of depositor satisfaction and the triennial audit of such services. The Committee would also examine any other issues having a bearing on the quality of customer service rendered. This Committee would also review the functioning of Standing Committee on Customer Service. This committee is also responsible for examining loan policies and service issues for the individual as a borrower.

2.2 Standing Committee on Customer Service

At Branch levels, the Standing Committee on Customer Service will be chaired by the Branch Manager/Operation Manager of the bank. Besides the Credit Manager / Customer Service Head of the bank, the committee would also have an eminent customer of the Bank as members. The committee would have the following functions.

- ❖ Evaluate feed-back on quality of customer service received from various quarters. The committee would also review comments/feed-back on customer service and implementation of commitments in the Code of Bank's Commitments to Customers received from BCSBI.
- ❖ The Committee would be responsible to ensure that all regulatory instructions regarding customer service are followed by the bank. Towards this, the committee would obtain necessary feed-back from zonal/regional managers/ functional heads.
- ❖ The committee also would consider unresolved complaints/complaints related to non-compliance with the Code/grievances referred to it by functional heads responsible for redressal and offer their advice.
- ❖ The committee would submit report on its performance to the customer service committee of the board at quarterly intervals.

2.3 Nodal Officer and other designated officials to handle complaints and grievances

Bank would appoint a Nodal Officer of the rank of General Manager (or its equivalent) who will be responsible for the implementation of customer service and complaint handling for the entire bank. Mr.S Sathappan, AGM – Operations, India, is the Nodal Officer of the Bank.

3. Mandatory display requirements

It is mandatory for the bank to provide;

- ❖ Appropriate arrangement for receiving complaints and suggestions.
- ❖ The name, address and contact number of Nodal Officer(s)
- ❖ Contact details of Banking Ombudsman of the area
- ❖ Code of bank's commitments to customers/Fair Practice code

4. Resolution of Grievances

Branch Manager is responsible for the resolution of complaints/grievances in respect of customer's service by the branch. He would be responsible for ensuring closure of all complaints received at the branches. It is his foremost duty to see that the complaint should be resolved completely to the customer's satisfaction and if the customer is not satisfied, then he should be provided with alternate avenues to escalate the issue. If the branch manager feels that it is not possible at his level to solve the problem he can refer the case to Regional or Zonal Office for guidance. Similarly, if Regional or Zonal office finds that they are not able to solve the problem such cases may be referred to the Nodal Officer.

4.1 Time frame

Complaint has to be seen in the right perspective because they indirectly reveal a weak spot in the working of the bank. Complaint received should be analyzed from all possible angles.

- (a) If the complaint has been received in writing (e-mail/fax/courier), we will endeavor to send you an acknowledgement/response within a week. If your complaint is relayed over phone at our designated number or customer service number we shall provide you a complaint reference number and keep you informed of the progress within a reasonable period of time.
- (b) After examining the matter, we will send you our final response or explain why we need more time to respond and shall endeavor to do so within six weeks of receipt of your complaint

and will tell you how to you're your complaint further if you are still not satisfied.

- (c) If the issue remain unresolved even after the expiry of the stipulated period, then it will be automatically escalated to the Nodal Officer, who would take immediate steps for resolution.

5. Interaction with customers

The bank recognizes that customer's expectation/requirement/grievances can be better appreciated through personal interaction with customers by bank's staff. Structured customer meets, say once in a month will give a message to the customers that the bank cares for them and values their feed back/suggestions for improvement in customer service. Many of the complaints arise on account of lack of awareness among customers about bank services and such interactions will help the customers appreciate banking services better. As for the bank the feed back from customers would be valuable input for revising its product and services to meet customer requirements.

6. Sensitizing operating staff on handling complaints

Staff should be properly trained for handling complaints. We are dealing with people and hence difference of opinion and areas of friction can arise. With an open mind and a smile on the face we should be able to win the customer's confidence. All employees should ensure better customer service to avoid any complaints. It would be the responsibility of the Nodal Officer to ensure that internal machinery for handling complaints/grievances operates smoothly and efficiently at all levels. He should give feed back on training needs of staff at various levels to the HR Dept.

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